

Three Times

THE TIMES COMPANY.
The Daily Times, when delivered by carrier, is sent for one week or fifty cents per month, or \$5.00 per year or \$5.00 per month in advance.

All unsolicited communications will be returned.

Maneuver Bureau—Carter's Drug Store, 110 1/2 N. 1st Street.

Petersburg Bureau—No. 121 Sycamore Street. Mutual Phone, 135.

Reflected communications will not be returned unless accompanied by stamps.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1902.

THE FUNCTIONS OF GOVERNMENT.

Our esteemed contemporary, the Northern Virginia Pilot, reproduces an article from the Times protesting against that plank in the New York platform which demands government ownership of coal mines and takes issue with some proportions laid down by this paper. The Virginian-Pilot does not believe in government ownership of coal mines save as a last resort, but adds:

"When, however, the esteemed Times asks why government ownership of coal mines would not commit the government to the principle of owning everything in sight, it at one and the same time displays something less than its usual powers of perception and propounds a question easy to answer."

"In the first place, there is no such thing in government as a half and fast principle to be applied indiscriminately to every situation. Government is much more a matter of common sense than of cold and dried principle. In other words, government ownership of coal mines commits the government to nothing except their operation in the interest of the people."

In this view the Virginian-Pilot differs materially from the framers of the Constitution. In the preamble of that chart it is said: "We, the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defense, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish the Constitution of the United States of America."

There is a clear and distinct and limited definition of government, a declaration as to the principles and objects of government, a "hard and fast rule." Nothing is said about the ownership and operation of coal mines or railroad lines, or anything of the kind. It would be a radical departure from the principle upon which this government was founded for it to take possession of coal-fields in a sovereign State, take them away from private owners, and operate them not in the interest of government, but for the people. It will not do to say that in doing this the government would commit itself simply to a single proposition. In doing this the government commits itself to the general policy of government ownership and operation of industrial enterprises, and so, as we have said, makes a radical and revolutionary departure from its chart.

Democrats in New York and in all parts of the country have protested, and we are surprised that so staunch a Democratic paper as the Virginian-Pilot has not registered its protest with its usual force and ability. Even Mr. Bird S. Coier, the Democratic nominee for Governor, has now come out in a published card declaring his opposition to this socialistic plank in the New York platform.

Again, the Virginian-Pilot says that when the Times undertakes to differentiate between government ownership and municipal ownership it is unable to follow us. "Also," adds our contemporary, "we do not know what the Times might mean by implying that municipal government is a matter of business, while national government is not."

Let the New York World answer and explain. It says:

"The analogy Mr. Hill tries to force between municipal ownership of water-works and national ownership of coal mines will not convince any but the most superficial thinkers. Municipalities are corporations created by the State and empowered to secure a supply of water, light and other things for the people living within their limited boundaries. The Federal Government was not created for any such purposes. Nothing in the Constitution provides or implies that the Federal Government should become a vast national department store and keep shop for the whole people."

A municipal corporation is a creature of the State Government, with well-defined and limited functions, chiefly of a business character. Municipal corporations do not deal with the great principles of government. They are created for the convenience of the people who live within their borders. The people are the stockholders in a business corporation, with the Mayor as president and the members of the Council as directors. It is true that these corporations have courts and court officials, which administer the laws and deal with the principles of government, but these are directed by the State Government and not by the municipal government, whose powers, as we have said, are very limited. There are towns in the United States which are purely business corporations. There are town companies operated by a board of directors and differing in no essential from corporations which operate industrial enterprises. It is a step from the highest to the lowest, a step, as it were, from the sublime to the ridiculous for a man like Senator Hill to take an example from a municipal corporation to illustrate a great principle of government.

But now that the coal strike has been settled, may be Mr. Hill and other extremists will claim themselves and return to Democratic rationalism.

SOCIOLOGY AND SOCIALISM.

In noting the fact that the President has appointed a "sociologist" to the committee to arbitrate the coal strike, it is well enough to mention that there is a vast difference between sociology

and socialism. Socialism, as defined by the Century Dictionary, is "Any theory or system of social organization which would abolish, entirely or in great part, the individual effort and competition on which modern society rests, and substitute for it co-operative action; would introduce a more perfect and equal distribution of the products of labor, and would make land and capital, as the instruments and means of production, the joint possession of the members of the community. A socialist is one who advocates socialism."

Sociology is defined by the same authority to be "The science of social phenomena; the science which investigates the laws regulating human society; the science which treats of the general structure of society, the laws of its development, the progress of civilization and all that relates to society." A sociologist is one who treats of or devotes himself to the study of sociology.

"TWO GREAT PRESIDENTS."

Speaker Henderson is a man of parts and a good judge of men, we suppose. At any rate he does not hesitate to express his opinion of them when the men and the occasion and Mr. Henderson all happen to meet. They all met the other day at the temporary White House in Washington.

As Mr. John Mitchell, the president of the United Mine Workers' Association was ushered into the building at one door the Speaker of the House of Representatives was stepping lightly in at another. Mr. Mitchell was on hand to talk with the President of the United States about the proposed plan to settle the coal strike. What the Speaker went there for doth not yet appear, but the fact is that he did not tarry long. However, it is related that just as Secretary Cortelyou was introducing Mr. Mitchell to the Speaker, Mr. Roosevelt walked in the room and it was very natural that the Speaker should shake hands with both at once. This he did and while doing so remarked: "I am now grasping the hands of two great presidents." Mr. Mitchell blushed and Mr. Roosevelt smiled. The Speaker then left the temporary White House, remarking that he was in Washington for only a few hours and had made only a pop call. It would seem, therefore, that the Speaker's only business at the temporary White House on this occasion was to discover "two great presidents," and after he had performed this important duty it was but proper that he should leave them to settle the great strike.

To the reporter's eager inquirer, put to him later, the Speaker made no reply by way of enlightenment the world as to which of the two is the greater president. We join the general public in regretting that the Speaker failed at this interesting juncture.

Southern's New Schedule.

For many years the people of Richmond have been desirous of an early morning outgoing train over the Southern Railway, and now through the efforts of Capt. C. W. Westbury, district passenger agent, the desire is to be realized. Early in November a new train will be put on between Richmond and Charlotte, N. C., leaving this city at 7 o'clock in the morning and arriving in Charlotte in the early afternoon. It will make all necessary local stops, but it will be a fast train and will reach Danville about 11 A. M. At Greensboro it will make connections for Winston-Salem and other points in North Carolina. This train will take the morning papers out of Richmond and will deliver the regular edition along the line at a much earlier hour than ever before. It will also give Richmond a splendid fast mail service to the South, as the train will make connection at Danville with a new fast mail train, which the road will put on at the same time.

The Southern train north of Richmond will be discontinued, but that will be no detriment to this community, as tickets will be sold from Washington to the South via Richmond, and connection can be made here with the Southern's train. Through passengers would not stop in Richmond anyway, and those who do wish to stop will not be inconvenienced by the new schedule.

The Southern's limited for all points South will leave here at 1:30 P. M., carrying sleeper for Atlanta, Memphis, and so on. Another through train leaves at 11:00 P. M., and at 6 P. M. there is a train for Keyville. Under the new schedule trains will arrive in Richmond at 7 A. M. and 5:35 from all points South; at 8:40 P. M. from Keyville; at 3:25 P. M. from Charlotte and Durham.

This is by far the best schedule that the Southern has ever given to Richmond and fairly meets the demands from this city. Captain Westbury and his company are to be congratulated for the enterprise they are showing and they will also receive the thanks of the community.

RICHMOND'S PROSPERITY.

There could be no better evidence of Richmond's prosperity than the large crowds that are flocking to the Horse Show every night.

The building has been packed and every seat occupied at \$1.50 each. Moreover, the prosperity of the people is seen in smiling faces and fine clothes. The Horse Show is one of the best and most impressive faith exhibits Richmond has ever had.

A WORD ABOUT EYESIGHT.

A startling report was recently made by the Commissioner of the New York Health Department to the Board of Estimates. He stated that he had examined, with the aid of two eye experts, thousands of school children in New York city and found that 18 per cent. of them were afflicted with a contagious disease known as trachoma, a granulation of the eyelids.

"We think this disease was introduced by immigrants," said the Commissioner. There are 600,000 children of school age in the city, and it is believed that 100,000 of them are afflicted with the eye disease mentioned.

This is a subject which should engage the serious attention of parents and guardians, as well as of the school authorities, in all sections of the country.

Eyesight is very precious, and it may be ruined in childhood by the lack of proper attention in time. The eyes of children should be examined regularly by experts and every precaution taken that the sight become not impaired by disease or study or otherwise.

THE OPERATORS AND THE UNION.

In an article on the settlement of the coal strike the New York Evening Post says:

"No impartial observer, anxious to take all the facts into his reckoning, can doubt that the victory of the Mine Workers' Union portends an extension of the principle of collective bargaining in this country. The coal operators have practically offered to make a three years' contract with the miners—the active agents of the latter being, of course, their organization leaders. This will bring all coal mining, both bituminous and anthracite, under agreements between a combination of owners and a combination of workers. It will put one more body of union laborers in a position like that long occupied by the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers, and by some other labor unions, not so prominently or extensively. We cannot doubt, accordingly, that the issue of this successful strike will give a great impetus to the trades' union movement in this country. It remains to be seen whether that development shall be harmful to all concerned. The character of the unions and their leaders will, in the long run, settle that question."

The Roanoke Evening News boasts that while Roanoke can't exactly claim to be on a boom yet, for real progress and prosperous she stands in with the best and most active towns of the country.

Georgia has a millionaire farmer, plain Jim Smith, who made his every dollar at farming. He simply knows how to farm, and does it.

Fredericksburg is justly proud of her military company, according to the Free Lance, "a more gentlemanly, better drilled set of men cannot be found in Virginia."

"Med did not make Chicago. It was inevitable destiny which did it," says Hon. Lyman J. Gage, and thus does Mr. Gage take loads of sin off the account of men, and charges it up to the account of irresponsible destiny.

Two million base-balls were used up last season, seventy-five per cent. of which went over the fence into the hands of the small boy.

"Where are you going to begin revising the tariff?" asks Mr. Hanna. The man who cut off the dog's tail just behind the ear could give Uncle Marcus a pointer.

Soft coal that took a sympathetic rise with anthracite will now please show a little sympathy with the fate of the strike by letting the price fall off a bit.

Its being a trifle chilly in the boxes last night did not keep the Horse Show from being a warm number.

Remarks About Richmond.

Norfolk Virginian-Pilot: Richmond is pulling off a horse show, but as a first-class attraction it doesn't touch the late mayoralty campaign.

Newport News Press (all of one date): The "Live Wire" is again working on the political circuit at Richmond, jolting an officer-holder here and there. The whenever he speaks is proof sufficient that with all his volts they love him when he is not still.

We sincerely admire the Richmond Horse Show and we are genuinely proud of the capital city for having a horse show, but we do wish the Richmond papers wouldn't try to be metropolitan about it.

Richmond society just at this time evinces an inclination to accept the horse as the king of beasts—to lionize him, as it were.

Betty and the beast seem to be about evenly dividing attention at the Richmond Horse Show.

The horse has taken Richmond by storm—an equine-occal storm.

At any rate Richmond's "Live Wire" appears to find no difficulty in evading the importunities of the post-tax collector long enough to turn his eight-inch cannon and his grapping hooks on "Honest Dick" now and then.

Petersburg Index-Appeal: Some of the members of Richmond would like to have reform fall into introduce politics in their pulpits. The question occurs, what are pulpits for? Politics will not hurt the pulpits, and the pulpits may greatly help to improve politics. Reform work in the pulpit is not a case of doing evil that good may come of it.

Fredericksburg Free Lance: If you want to hear a horse laugh take a trip to Richmond.

New Castle Record: Richmond, Virginia, is wonderfully stirred up against the gamblers' houses of ill fame and some of her unworthy officials in high places. The business men, ministers and other worthy reputable leading citizens are organizing to help probe the evident rottenness of many of her officials and to correct immoral conditions that are known to exist. Richmond is all right—she has as noble and true men and women as any city on this globe.

Norfolk Virginian-Pilot: A Richmond preacher is to be summoned before the Police Board to tell what he knows about Sunday liquor selling. Parkhursting undoubtedly has its drawbacks.

OLD STORIES RETOLD.

People never tire of hearing the oft-repeated story of the success of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. From all over the country and even in far away India, China and the South Sea Islands, come letters from druggists and dealers, stating the rare pleasure they derive from handing a preparation which gives such universal satisfaction. They all tell the same story of the undoubted merit of this remedy and of its efficacy in the relief of coughs, colds and croup, and personally recommend it to their customers. The remedy is sold on a positive guarantee and has never failed to do all that is claimed for it. For sale by all druggists.

ITCHING PILLS.

Any one who suffers from that terrible plague, Itching Piles, or from Eczema, will appreciate the immediate relief and permanent cure that comes through the use of Dr. J. C. Ointment. It never fails. Free samples at Owens & Minor Drug Co., 107 Main Street, October 20th.

ROUND TRIP VIA C. & O.

To Newport News, Saturday, October 18th. Leave Richmond 8 A. M. sharp.

Social and Personal

The question has been asked: "Why do women form clubs?" The answer that suggests itself at once to the mind is—"For various reasons." There are today, as there have always been, women who live for a purpose. These are among club members. To them union and organization mean strength and opportunity for the promotion of aims and the attainment of ends. If the purpose of the club social ambition for its object, membership is relied upon as a trump card in the society, whilst hand of its holder. If the woman has executive ability and wishes to extend her influence and widen her individual sphere, she considers a club the best method of enabling her to do so. Then there are many women in the twentieth century, whose lives are filled with work, who have no homes of their own, and possibly no home ties. To such the reading-room of the club, the rest and relaxation which it affords are a real boon and blessing, and are valued and prized accordingly.

WE DINGS.

The approaching marriage of Miss Madeline McCabe Murphy, the daughter of Colonel John Murphy, to Mr. James T. Disney, is announced to take place in St. Peter's Cathedral November 19th. The large acquaintance and universal popularity of the young couple render the announcement very interesting.

Miss Mary E. Petherbridge has issued invitations to the marriage of her daughter, Miss M. Blanche, to Mr. George F. Taylor, Wednesday afternoon, October 23rd, at 4:30 o'clock, in the Memorial M. E. Church, at Berkeley, Va.

Miss Daisy T. Brooks and Mr. Charles J. Taylor will be married in Mount Hermon Church, in Hanover, at 8 P. M., October 22d. The bride and groom will make their future home at No. 940 Brook Avenue.

CLUBS AND SOCIETIES.

The State Conference of the Daughters of the American Revolution at Lynchburg, Va., was opened this morning with prayer by the Rev. James M. Owens. Mrs. Mary A. Lyons, of Charlottesville, is the presiding officer of the conference. The address of welcome by Mrs. E. C. Hammer, the response by Mrs. A. E. Harnsburger, of Harrisonburg, the address of Mrs. Lyons, the State regent, and the reports of the various chapters occupied the conference during the day. The secretary, Mrs. E. C. Hammer, announced that the Old Dominion and the Commonwealth Chapters of Richmond would not be represented at the conference. This announcement was received with regret.

Mrs. Christian, Mrs. Schoen, Mrs. Jordan and Misses Minor, Blankenship, Stuart, Norwood, Freckley and Arenas are Richmond delegates to the annual session of the Virginia Woman's Auxiliary of the Protestant Episcopal Church, now convening in Christ Church, Winchester. A reception to the delegates was held in the home of the Rev. Nelson P. Dame last evening.

At the meeting of King's Daughters, held last evening at the Woman's Christian Association, Mrs. George King was appointed delegate to Roanoke to invite the meeting of the convention in Richmond for 1903. Delegates from Williams' Memorial Circle on the same errand will be Mrs. George A. Lyon, Mrs. Janney, and Miss Fanny Potts.

The meeting of the Milton C. Work Whist Club Wednesday afternoon resulted in Mrs. Bland Spotswood Smith and Mrs. C. W. P. Brock making top score, north and south, and Misses Martha and Eliza Harvie winning east and west.

ENTERTAINMENTS.

One of the most interesting social events of Wednesday was a reception given Dr. and Mrs. James Waddill, of Charles City county, by Mr. James Gordon, who occupies an apartment in the Bellevue Flats, at the corner of Fifth and Cary Streets. The party were prettily decorated in flowers. The reception was held for the purpose of giving Dr. and Mrs. Waddill an opportunity of meeting their friends while in town. Mrs. Waddill is the sister of Mrs. Hugh Blair, and with her husband has been visiting Mrs. Blair. The family connection is very large. The Doctor and his wife having ninety-nine nieces and great-nieces.

The ninety-eight niece is Miss Cooke, the daughter of Mr. Charles Cooke, and the ninety-ninth is Mrs. Wallace, formerly Miss Lucy Baker, of Staunton, for some years a trained nurse in a Richmond hospital.

Among the many who called to pay their respects to Dr. and Mrs. Waddill were Dr. and Mrs. Jere Witherspoon, Dr. and Mrs. Christian, Miss Sallie Christian, Mrs. Charles Cooke, Mrs. Nicholas Cooke, Mrs. Mary Sinclair Gordon, Dr. and Mrs. Gordon, Mrs. Taylor, Mrs. Parkinson, Mrs. Meade, Misses Elsie Meade and Lucy Meade, of Charlottesville, Meade, Mrs. H. M. Smith, Mr. John Gordon, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Gordon and others.

Mr. Turner Battie entertained Mr. and Mrs. Carter Scott, Mrs. Scott's guests and a number of friends last night at a supper after the show. Miss Mary B. Baker also gave a formal supper at her home in honor of Miss Bessie Doyle, of Norfolk, who is the guest of the Misses Shields.

Miss Lula B. Shiller, of Shady Grove, Henrico county, gave a birthday entertainment October 11th, at which a number of her friends were present.

Miss Rosalie Wheat, the daughter of Mrs. Leo Wheat, of Clarke county, and the niece of Mrs. Charles Skinner, of Richmond, with a party of young friends, was recently given a beautiful birthday supper in Washington by Mrs. L. W. Washington, of New York, who is spending the winter in Clarke county.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip Ruxton, of Garden Place, Brooklyn, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. N. Jones.

Messrs. W. A. Moorman and J. R. Hogdes, of Roanoke, are in Richmond for several days.

Mrs. Lillie B. Logan, of Shelbyville, Ky., is here attending the Horse Show. She will remain for some time as the guest of her father, Mr. John Bowers, of No. 97 Floyd Avenue.

Mr. W. F. Payne is visiting relatives in Roanoke, Va.

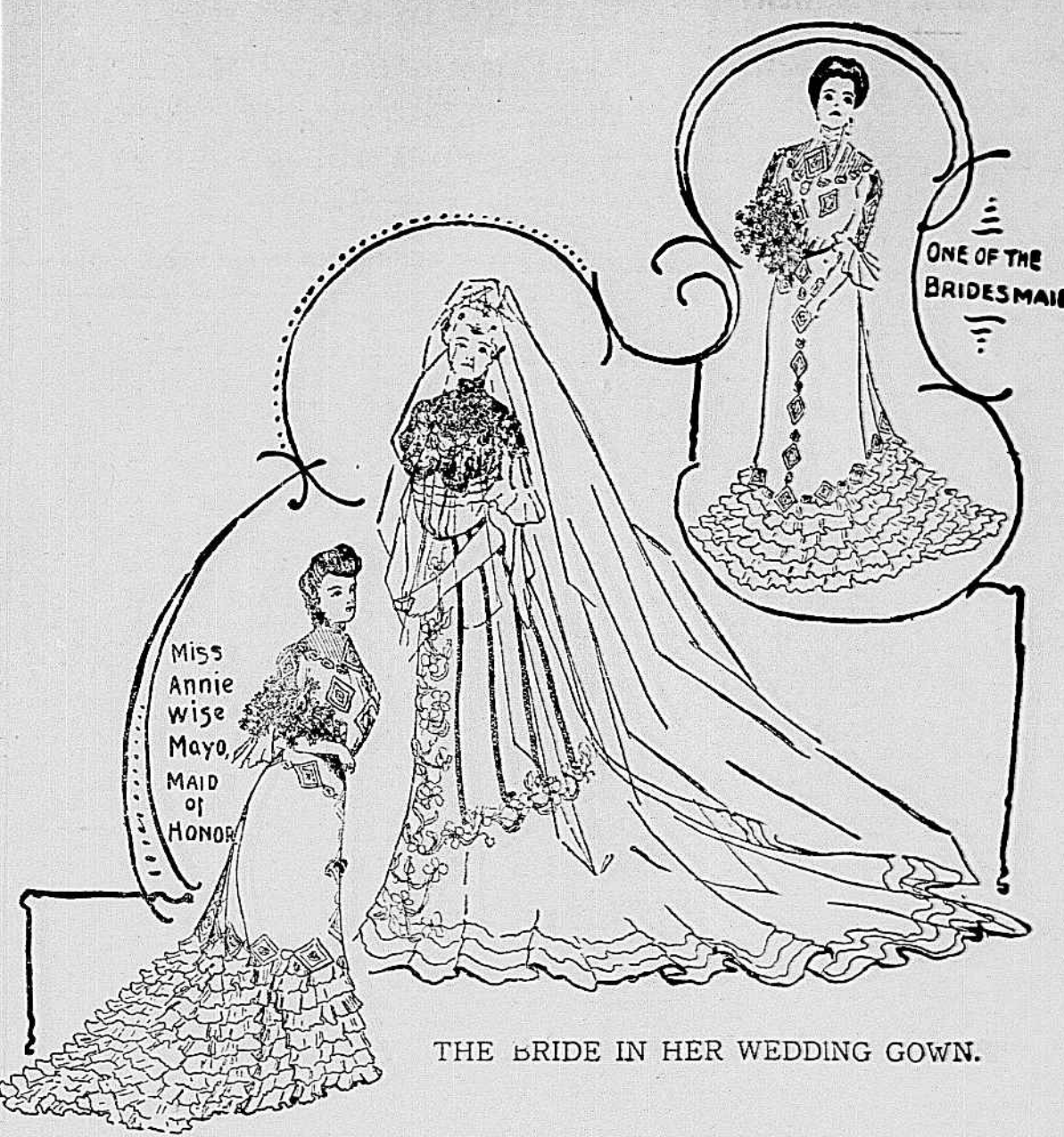
Mrs. S. A. Hart and Miss Hattie Woodward, of Roanoke, are visiting friends in Richmond.

Mr. E. R. Newman was an attendant at the Davis-Sutherland marriage, taking place in Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church, Dinwiddie county.

Mrs. Beverly Fox, of Roundabout Castle, Louisiana county, is with her sister, Mrs. Montague, of No. 118 East Franklin Street.

Mr. and Mrs. C. St. John Howard, Mr.

PARKER-MAYO WEDDING ONE OF THE WINTER'S BRILLIANT EVENTS



THE BRIDE IN HER WEDDING GOWN.

Miss Mary Lyons Mayo and Mr. Richard Henry Parker were married in St. Paul's Protestant Episcopal Church yesterday, October 15th, at 5 o'clock P. M., the celebrant being the Rev. William Meade Clarke, the rector of St. James, this city.

The church was decorated in white cosmos, silver candelabra and wax tapers. Mr. Reinhardt played the wedding marches, and the bridesmaids and the groomsmen entered in alternate couples, two and two, Miss Ida Riley, of Washington, and Miss Valerie Slinguff, of Baltimore, leading, then Mr. George Bryan and Mr. Paul Pettit, of Virginia; Miss Virginia Peachy Wise, of Williamsburg, and Miss Sarah Lippincott Richards, of New York; Dr. Edward Field, of Norfolk, and Dr. Shands, of Washington; Miss Gullie Harrison, of Brandon, and Miss Ella Slinguff, of Baltimore; Miss Winona Buck and Miss Luck Sutherland, of Washington; Miss Edward Mayo and Mr. Frank Winn, of Baltimore.

The bridesmaid's gowns were of white orkandy, trimmed with appliqued medallions of lace, outlined with insertion. They carried armfuls of white cosmos, and wore a cluster of the same snowy blossoms in their hair.

The maid of honor, Miss Annie Wise Mayo, the sister of the bride, was in pink organza veiling, pink taffeta silk, with elaborate trimmings of ivory white lace medallions. Her flowers were cosmos.

The bride walked into the church with Mr. Henry A. Wise, of New York, who gave her away. She was elegantly gowned in white panne crepe, the seams of the skirt concealed by Mexican stitches, and ornamented with a design of orange flowers done in embroidery. The bodice and sleeves were trimmed with the same design. On the bodice, in addition, was a profusion of beautiful Duchesse lace, giving the effect of a round yoke. Around her throat she had a necklace of pearls, one of her wedding gifts. Her veil was fastened with natural orange blossoms, and she had a spray of the fragrant bride blossoms more.

between the leaves of an ivory prayer-book, which she carried in her hand.

Mr. Crenshaw awaited his bride at the altar with his best man, Mr. Milson Crenshaw. After the ceremony a reception was given the bridal party, the relatives and intimate friends of the bride and groom, by the bride's sister, Mrs. W. T. Crenshaw, after which Mr. and Mrs. Crenshaw left for their wedding tour.

Miss Mayo's maternal and paternal families are so widely and prominently connected, and their past history is so largely the history of Virginia, that her name carries with it the assurance of all that could or might be said. Mr. Crenshaw is cultured to a high degree, and is a grandson of Judge Richard Elliott Parker, of the Supreme Court bench. Among the guests of distinction who attended the wedding from a distance were: Mr. and Mrs. John Cropper, of Washington; Mrs. Walton Saunders, of Philadelphia; Mr. Frank Eittinger, of Philadelphia; Mrs. Robert Winsor, and Mrs. Dwinell, of Boston; Mr. and Mrs. John S. Wise, of New York; Mrs. Ginn, of Plainfield, N. J.

TWO STORIES OF LIVE INTEREST

Will Pay \$500 a Year.
To be Rid of His Aunt

(Special Dispatch to The Times.)

HAVE MIDDLE-AGED AUNT, formerly cared for by my mother. Will pay \$500 per year for fifteen years to man who will marry her. Honest John. Courier.

BUFFALO, October 15.—Either "Honest John" is a cruel, cruel man or he is martyr whose name should be blazoned far and wide as the greatest since the days of the religious persecutions.

He advertises in the swapping columns of the Courier, on the back page, that he has a middle-aged aunt left to his care by his mother, and he will pay \$500 a year for fifteen years to the man who will marry her. Evidently he calculates that auntie will live just about that long, and it would be interesting to know just what auntie's general manners and habits are. If she throws dishes and pounds other people with flat-irons, she may live long after the subsidy runs out, and she may make every day of the 35¢ worth the money. Again, if she has an over-sharp tongue, the old saying, "Hard words break no bones," must be remembered.

For a man who has passed the dial center of life, and who can make a comfortable home for himself on \$500 a year, the proposition would surely have a certain amount of interest. This conjecture seems to be correct, for, strange as it may seem, "Honest John" received many letters yesterday, and will doubtless get rid of auntie.

have many friends here, are spending the week at the Jefferson.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Tannehill, of Staunton, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John D. Murrell on South First Street during the Horse Show.

NEW ENGINE COMPANY

Officially installed by the Fire Board last night.

Contractor Wingfield officially turned over the new fire engine house at Fifth and Duval Streets to the Fire Board last night, and that body immediately installed the members of the new company, with Captain Atkinson in charge.

The board met with every member present except Mr. Robert Lecky. After the formalities had concluded, the board, the board committee of the Council and several invited guests were tendered a light luncheon by the firemen, during the progress of which the commissioners spoke in a few words to the men. The evening was altogether a pleasant one.

A test of the alarm signals was made, and Superintendent W. H. Thompson declared them to be in perfect condition. Everything at the house is now in readiness for business.

Three of the board who were present were President Frisckorn, Messrs. G. Watt Taylor, Charles F. Taylor, Joseph Levy and Charles Keppeler. The Councilmen present were Aldermen Bafen and

Bullet Fails to Stop Brave Bride

(Special Dispatch to The Times.)

DANBURY, CONN., October 15.—Miss Mabel Sturges, the nineteen-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Sturges, of Cannon, was wedded this afternoon, although only a few hours before she had been shot with a bullet from a .38-calibre rifle. The marriage was against the positive orders of the doctor and the anxious pleadings of the bride's parents.

The father of the bride is one of the well-to-do citizens of Cannon, living in a large farmhouse a short distance from the center. Miss Sturges went to the kitchen this morning at the same time that a bullet from a sixteen-year-old boy who was employed on the farm, went to the woodshed, a short distance from the house, to get some nails. In the shed the boy found a rifle belonging to Mr. Sturges. In examining it he accidentally pressed the trigger, and the rifle was discharged.

The bullet struck Miss Sturges on her right elbow. It ploughed through the flesh of her arm, and was imbedded in the wall. The wound was a serious one, as the bone was injured as well as the flesh. The physician who arrived in a short time found Miss Sturges unconscious.

The girl came to at noon, and at 5:30, pale and weak from loss of blood and shock, walked down the aisle of St. Matthew's Church, where she became the bride of Oscar Budd, of Weston. Mrs. Budd was placed in bed immediately on reaching the house, and it will be a long time before she recovers.

Beck and Councilman Tealey. Chief Fuller and Superintendent Thompson were on hand.

The board is very proud of this company, and it was their general opinion that the men were as fine a set of firemen as had ever been gotten together. Captain Atkinson is an old-time fireman, and he and his men are looked upon as brave and fearless.

QUIET MARRIAGE

Miss Scherer Becomes the Bride of Mr. Jones.

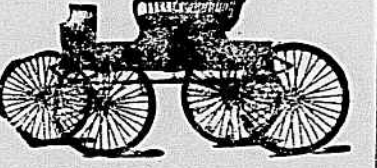
Miss Dora Virginia Scherer, the daughter of Mr. William F. Scherer, and Mr. William Burr Jones were quietly married at the home of the bride's father Wednesday, October 15th, at 8:30 A. M. The Rev. W. B. Beauchamp officiated.

Mr. and Mrs. Jones left on an early train for a Northern tour. Mr. Jones has been connected with W. G. Copeland Company for a number of years.

To Crush Out Vice

The committee to arrange for a mass meeting in the interest of ridding the city of vice met Wednesday at the office of Mr. John Garland Pollard and decided to have the meeting next Monday night at the Chamber of Commerce. All interested are to be invited. The constitution of the proposed organization will be published in Sunday's papers.

We Combine Quality With Low Prices.



You can prove this by a visit to our Show-rooms, when you will soon be assured that it is possible to purchase a HIGH-GRADE VEHICLE AT A MODERATE PRICE. From the modest Buick, stock is complete.

HARNESS of all grades.

Illustrated catalogues mailed with pleasure.

THE IMPLEMENT CO.

Nos. 1302 and 1304 East Main Street,